QUANTIFICATION II

ENGLISH SEMANTICS · LECTURE 6

Moreno Mitrović

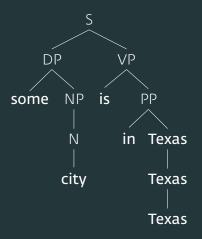
The Saarland Lectures on Formal Semantics

RECAP

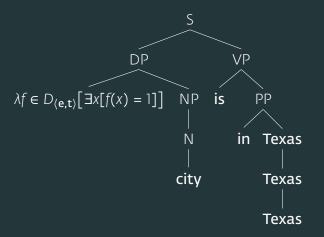
RECAP

THE QUANTIFIER BUSINESS

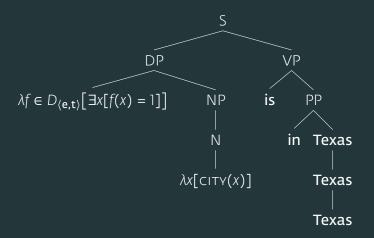
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- (1) Some city is in Texas.



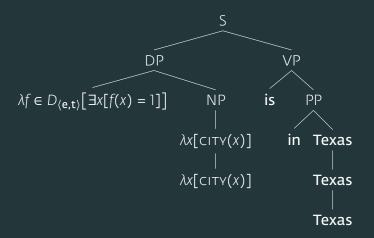
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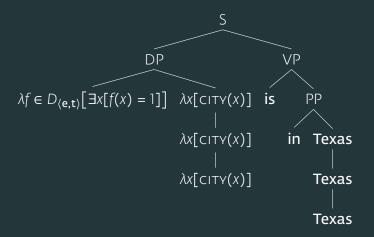
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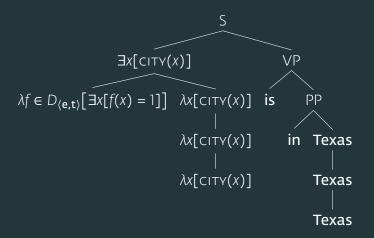
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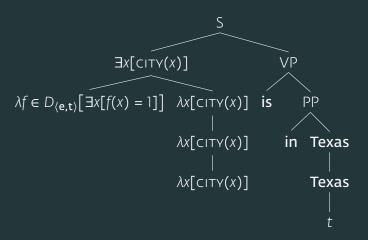
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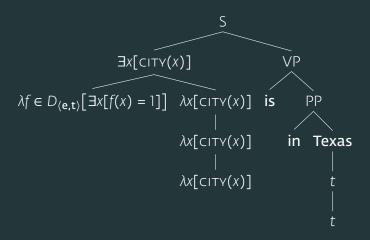
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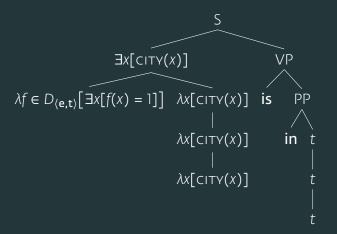
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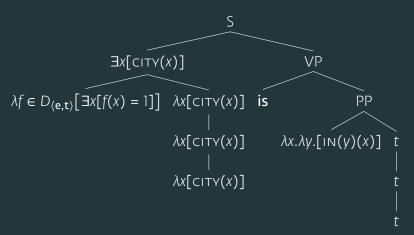
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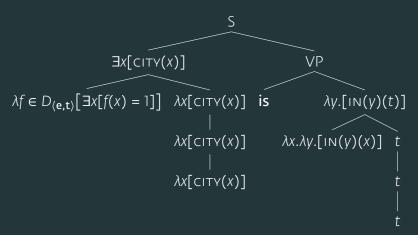
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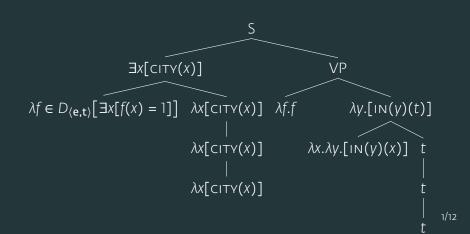
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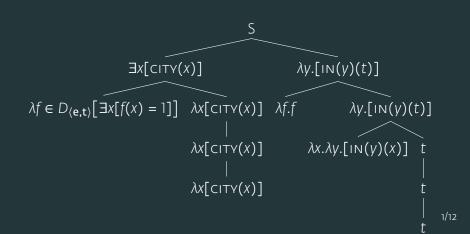
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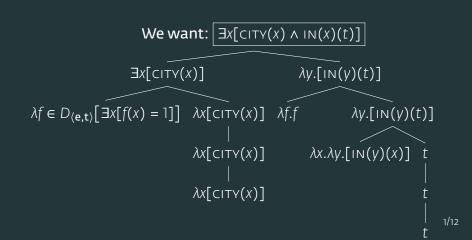
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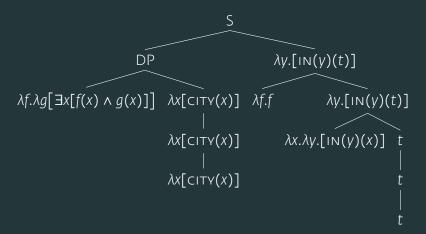
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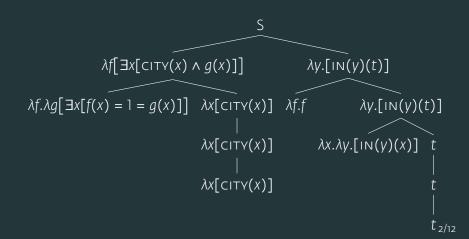
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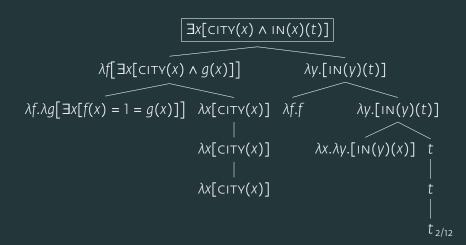
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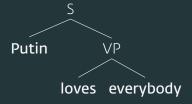


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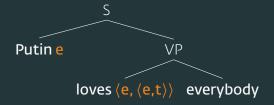


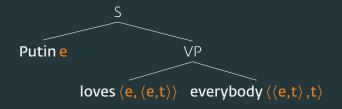
QUANTIFIERS IN OBJECT POSITION

- We've shown that we can handle (2), but what about (3)?
- (2) Some dog bit John.
- (3) John bit some dog.
- To make life a bit easier, consider an object quantifier with a simpler type:
- (4) Putin loves everybody.









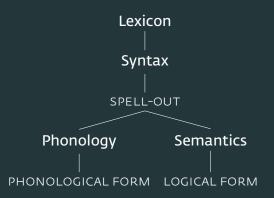
• We can't do it.

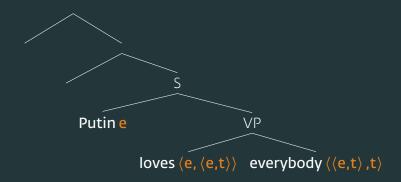
- · We can't do it.
- · What do we do? Two options.
 - We modify the type-entries for our lexical items.
 (High cost.)
 - We play around with the structure and try to make it work.

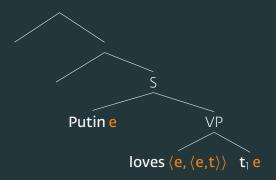
REPAIRING TYPE-MISMATCH

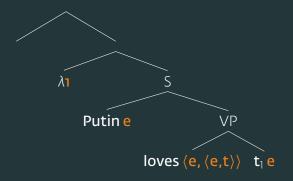
- We repair type-mismatch by **movement**.
- This type of movement is known as **Quantifier Raising** (QR), which takes place in semantics, *after* spell-out.

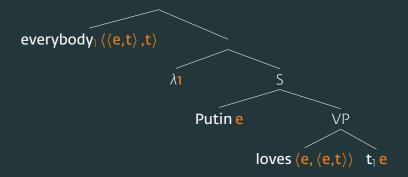
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- (5) A generative model of grammatical modularity:

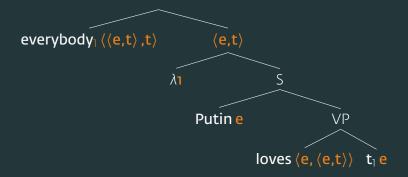






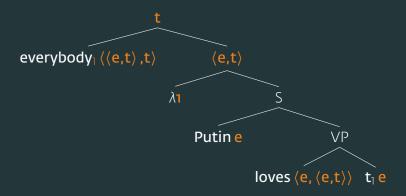






SOLUTION

• Because the types don't match, the quantifier moves.



- Same would apply to other quantifiers, like someone and noone, as well as more complex quantifiers, such as every/some/no baby:
- (6) Putin hugged every baby.

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- (6) Putin hugged every baby.
- Let's calculate!



BACK TO OUR OBSERVATION

Yesterday, we observed that when a sentence contains a
 ∀ and a ∃ quantifier, the whole thing is ambiguous.

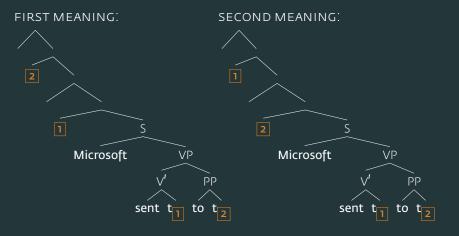
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 ∀ and a ∃ quantifier, the whole thing is ambiguous.
- (7) a. Everybody answered some question.
 - b. Some question, everybody answered.
- We would like our calculations to reflect this dual meaning.
- For (7b), we will assume that semantics is reflected in the word order, i.e. **some question** QRs (which is not the case for (7a)

(8) The company sent one representative to every meeting.





· Quantifiers can also bind pronouns:

(9) [Every woman]₁ blamed herself₁

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- (9) [Every woman]₁ blamed herself₁
- · What do we do here? Let's try calculating.

SOLUTIOM

· We need to QR (quantifier raise) the subject.